

THE WEATHER.  
Generally fair tonight and  
Saturday night. Cooler tonight.

# The Paducah Sun.

In Paducah and McCracken  
County, more people read The  
Sun than any other paper.

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PADUCAH KENTUCKY, FRIDAY EVENING, NOV. 3, 1905.

10 CENTS PER WEEK.

## CRIMINAL CLASSES LOOT AND MURDER

### Hundreds Killed and Injured in Russian Rioting---Jews Massacred Daily.

### Many Shops are Burned---Loss in Odessa Uprisings Impossible to Estimate.

#### PEOPLE FIRING ON COSSACKS.

Odessa, Nov. 3.—Fresh disturbances are in progress. The people are firing on the Cossacks from house tops and the military is threatening to use the machine guns now in position. Cossacks have killed and wounded seventeen students, and one staff officer was killed.

#### SCENES BEGGAR DESCRIPTION.

Odessa, Nov. 3.—An inferno raged throughout the night and conditions beggar description. The rioters are behaving like wild beasts and attacks on the Jews, and pillaging continue.

Troops protect only the homes of Christians, and the hospitals are inadequate. Fully five thousand have been killed and wounded.

#### LIBERTY OF THE PRESS FIRST.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 3.—The first act of the government under the czar's manifesto will be granting the liberty of the press, which will likely be given today. Exiles will probably not be released until December 1.

#### CRIMINALS BREAK AT KISHINEFF.

Bucharest, Nov. 3.—News from Kishineff tells of more disorders. While the thanksgiving service to celebrate the czar's manifesto was on, the criminal classes took advantage of the opportunity to pillage the houses of respectable citizens. They attacked synagogues, hospitals and shops, and many buildings were destroyed. Eight were killed and hundreds wounded.

#### Massacre of Jews Continues.

Odessa, Nov. 3.—The massacre of the Jews continues. They are being hunted down in the streets and killed and beaten while their shops are given over to pillage. The streets are in possession of wild, disorderly mobs of roughs. Several bombs have been thrown.

#### Several Killed at Sebastopol.

Sebastopol, Russia, Nov. 3.—Six persons were killed and sixty were wounded during the rioting. All the banks, schools and stores are closed and private houses are barred up. The Black Sea squadron with Vice Admiral Birell's pennant flying, arrived here today from the Turkish coast.

#### Attacked Inoffensive Jews.

Vyazma, Russia, Nov. 3.—During the celebration of the granting of the constitution to Russia Jewish services were held to the memory of those who died for the cause of freedom. Flags of the demonstrators bore the words, "Long Live the Constitution," and "Liberty, Equality and Fraternity."

After the singing of "Marseillaise," the demonstrators marched to the prison and compelled the release of political prisoners. As the processionists were returning through the public square they were set upon by a mob with shouts of "Kill the Jews."

## The President Issues His Annual Thanksgiving Proclamation for Nov 30.

Washington, Nov. 3.—The president has issued his proclamation naming Thursday, November 30, next, as a day for thanksgiving. The proclamation follows:

"By the President of the United States: A Proclamation."

"When nearly three centuries ago the settlers came to the country which has now become this great republic, they fronted not only hardship and privation, but terrible risk to their lives. In those grim years the custom grew of setting apart one day in each year for a special service of thanksgiving to the Almighty for preserving the people through the changing season. The custom has now become national and hallowed by immemorial usage."

"We live in easier and more plentiful times than our forefathers, the men who with rugged strength faced the rugged days; and yet the dangers to national life are quite as great now as at any previous time in our history."

"It is eminently fitting that once a year our people should set apart a day for praise and thanksgiving to the Giver of all good, and at the same time that they express their thankfulness of the abundant mercies received, should manfully acknowledge their shortcomings and pledge themselves solemnly and in good faith to strive to overcome them."

"During the past year we have been blessed with bountiful crops. Our business prosperity has been great. No other people has ever stood on as high level of well-being as ours now stand. We are not threatened by foes from without. The foes from whom we should pray to be delivered are our own passions, appetites and follies; and against these there is always need that we should war."

"Therefore, I now set apart Thursday, the 30th day of this November, as a day of thanksgiving for the past and of prayer for the future, and on that day I ask that throughout the land the people gather in the homes and places of worship, and in rendering thanks unto the Most High for the manifold blessings of the past year, consecrate themselves to a life of cleanliness, honor and wisdom, so that this nation may do its allotted work on the earth in a manner worthy of those who founded it and of those who preserve it."

"In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed."

"Done at the city of Washington, this 2d day of November, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and five and of the independence of the United States, the one hundredth and thirtieth."

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

"By the President,"

"Elhu Root, Secretary of State."

## PAPER PULP MILL MAY LOCATE HERE

### Syndicate Sent to Buy Timber for Syndicate's Mill.

He Left Last Night Firmly Convinced  
That the Mill Ought to Be  
Right Here.

IT EMPLOYS ONE HUNDRED MEN

Paducah has a good chance to locate a paper mill employing about 100 men and consuming 150 cords of wood a day. A big St. Louis syndicate owns the mill, and sent a representative here yesterday to confer with the local lumber men about furnishing timber for the mill. He then had no thought of locating the mill here, but last night when he left he stated that he was convinced that this is the place for the pulp mill, and will make an effort to convince the syndicate of it, and have it located here.

The gentleman is Mr. C. A. Dawes, of St. Louis. He represents a large syndicate, and came here for a conference with the Paducah Pole and Timber company, in the Fraternity building, relative to furnishing timber to the syndicate for making pulp. Mr. Dawes had been up Tennessee river for ten days and investigated the timber on 30,000 acres of pine timber land belonging to the Paducah company.

Spence is generally used now for this paper pulp, but Mr. Dawes is convinced that the pine is as good. If not better, and has practically closed negotiations with the Paducah Pole and Timber company to supply his concern with 4,500 cords of timber a month, delivered at Paducah.

When Mr. Dawes came to Paducah it was the intention of the company to locate the pulp mill at Riverton, Ala. After a talk with local timber and river men however, he was quickly convinced that Paducah is the place for the mill. The timber can be floated down the Tennessee river at less cost than it can be taken to Riverton by rail, as was first intended. It can simply be floated down here from all along the river and so impressed was Mr. Dawes with the idea that he left last night enthusiastically in favor of bringing the pulp mill to Paducah, and said he would immediately confer with the syndicate and explain the situation to them, and he thinks Paducah will get it.

The company works about 100 men and uses up 150 cords of wood a day. The Commercial club has been apprised of the opportunity to get this industry and will do all in its power to secure it.

#### Starts Factory in the East.

Mr. James Gruenebaum for seventeen years with Wallerstein Brothers, has resigned to locate in New York city, where he and Mr. David J. Levy, the latter son-in-law of Mr. H. Wallerstein, of Paducah, have established a factory for making ladies' and misses' skirts. Mr. Gruenebaum leaves Sunday for his new home, and will carry with him the best wishes of a host of friends. Mr. Levy has been in business at Cleveland, Ohio, and has already gone to New York and started the factory.

#### Rumors About the Iron Furnaces.

There is again talk of the Paducah and Grand Rivers iron furnaces starting up again, but those on the inside do not expect anything to come of it. Mr. Galtra, of St. Louis, who was here recently inspecting the Paducah furnace, and who also inspected the two at Grand Rivers, practically put a quietus on the hopes that the furnaces would be operated again, in a statement made to a Sun reporter that the ore in this part of the country was not suitable for the furnaces, and that the furnaces as a consequence could not be profitably operated. He said he did not know whether or not the furnaces would be operated, and did not say they would not be, but if the ore is unsuited and the furnaces could not be operated profitably no doubt they will not be operated at all.

#### Anxiously Waiting.

President Davidson, of the Frisco, is expected to return to St. Louis this week from a meeting of the board of directors in New York, and it is likely that a member of the Paducah Commercial club will then call on him and make inquiry relative to what the directors decided in regard to extending the Frisco to Paducah from Joppa. Until Mr. Davidson returns it will be impossible to ascertain what the road is to do.

## THE MEN FOUND WHO CUT UP GIRL'S BODY

### Threw Cases Containing Head and Legs in First.

They Then Returned and Got the  
Torso—Had Been in New York  
Since Sept. 22.

TWO MEN ARE UNDER ARREST.

New York, Nov. 3.—Two men were arrested here today in connection with the Boston suit case mystery. One of them, the police say, has confessed and gave the details of the disposition of the chorus girl's dismembered body.

The men arrested are William Howard and Lewis W. Crawford, the latter a son-in-law of Mrs. Dr. Bishop, who formerly conducted an office on Tremont street, Boston.

Howard, it is alleged, said he was desperately in need of money, and that when Crawford offered him \$100 to assist in the job he accepted.

Crawford, according to the alleged confession told Howard that a girl had died in Dr. Bishop's hospital and the body must be disposed of. Next evening he and Crawford left the hospital, Howard carrying a small hand satchel and Crawford a suit case.

They boarded a ferry with the intention of throwing their burdens into the river but too many people were on the boat and the opportunity did not offer.

At East Boston they went ashore, and rode on a trolley car to Orient heights and returned.

Upon reaching the ferry house there were a few people in vicinity and when the boat was well out in the stream Crawford said "let her go," and Howard dropped the satchel which contained the head of the dead girl, while Crawford dropped over the stern the suit case containing the limbs.

Howard said he thought the job was done but Crawford told him there was another portion of the body to be disposed of and returned to the Tremont street hospital and got another suit case. Howard says he took the case and with Crawford drove to Chelsea ferry where they boarded the boat and when nobody was looking threw the suit case into the river.

Two days later when the newspapers reported the finding of the body they came to New York. They have been here, Howard says, since September 22.

#### Will Soon Have the Man.

New York, Nov. 3.—The mystery of Boston's suit case murder is rapidly clearing, and the police of Boston will arrest the person who cut up the body within the next 24 hours. Crawford and Hunt, who were arrested last night, were denied bail. Cabman Howard, of Boston, identified the pair as those he took to the ferryboat at Boston the night the body was dumped overboard. Pawnbroker Borkman, of Boston, identified Howard as the purchaser of the suit case.

#### "Wild Man" Retires From the Business.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 3.—A circus "wild man" named Charles Brown, of Waycross, Ga., applied to the authorities here asking that his horns and tusks be removed. A local surgeon performed the operation and a silver plate, four inches long, shaped like the letter "H," was removed from beneath the man's scalp. Screws in this plate penetrated the scalp and attached to these screws were the "wild man's" horns. To remove the plate it was necessary to make an incision in the scalp almost from ear to ear. Two long tusks, which, by means of long screws, penetrated far into the jaw, were also removed.

#### First Game Ever Played.

Kingston, Jamaica, Nov. 3.—The first baseball match ever played in Jamaica took place yesterday between teams from the United States cruisers Denver and Yankee. The game which was won by the Yankee's team was witnessed by a large and enthusiastic crowd.

#### Chicago Hears It.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 3.—It is believed the Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad, which is a part of the Frisco system, will be extended from Joppa, Ill., to Paducah, Ky., a distance of sixteen miles.

## CORDIAL WELCOME

### EXTENDED TO LOUIS OF BAT- TENBURG AT WASHINGTON.

He Brought the President a Personal  
Letter From King Edward of  
England.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 3.—A formal welcome to the nation's capital was extended this morning to Prince Louis of Battenburg, and of officers of his squadron, by the high officers of the army and navy of the United States. The prince arrived by special train from Annapolis at noon.

This afternoon he was received by the president. The prince presented a personal letter to President Roosevelt from King Edward the contents of which are surmised to be gratification at the end of the Russo-Japan war, as a result of the president's efforts.

## OFFICIAL CONFIRMATION OF KILLING OF MISSIONARIES.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 3.—Minister Rockhill, of Pekin, has officially informed the government of the killing of missionaries at Linchow, and states that the emperor has issued an edict to inflict exemplary punishment on the perpetrators, and directing that compensation be made and adequate protection afforded all missions. He states that the attack resulted from the refusal of missionaries to permit the firing of cannon by the villagers during a festival.

#### CHINESE OFFICIAL

### Here to Investigate Our Government and Constitution.

New York, Nov. 3.—Yu Chuan Chang, a member of the Chinese commission which is to draft a constitution for the Chinese Empire, arrived here today on the steamer Graf Waldersee, from Hamburg. He is a secretary of the branch of this commission, which will study the constitution of the United States. The other sections will investigate simultaneously the constitutions of foreign countries.

Yu Chuan Chang said today. "When these special ambassadors have finished their work and submitted the draft of the constitution for China to the emperor, China will step out of the ranks of absolute monarchies and enter the constitutional empire."

The Chinese constitution will embrace all of the best features of the constitutions of America, Japan, Great Britain, France, Germany and Austria. The travels of the special embassy will be ended in about eight months, after which the envoys will draw up a constitution.

Mr. Chang added that this department from ancient usages was due to the gradual spread of Japanese influence over the empire since the Japanese-Russian war. He said that Japan had urged China to modernize her laws and government, and thus form a strong alliance of the yellow races in the Far East.

#### Snow in Michigan.

Saginaw, Mich., Nov. 3.—The first snow storm of the season began last night and at midnight about a foot of snow had fallen. Several inches of snow are reported at Bay City.

## \$150,000 DAMAGE TO THE COOPERAGE PLANT

### Destructive Fire Visited Manufacturing District---225 Men Out of Work.

### Damage Fully Covered by Insurance---Will Rebuild ---Union Central Hotel Damaged.

The heading department of the Paducah Cooperage Co., said to be the biggest heading factory in the United States, burned to the ground this morning between 1 o'clock and daylight, entailing a loss estimated by men acquainted with the business at not less than \$150,000 fully covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown but is supposed to have been spontaneous combustion, and the buildings were a mass of flames when the fire departments arrived. Heroic work was done by both firemen and volunteers, but that portion of the plant was doomed.

The plant which burned was that in which heading was made. It consisted of a turning room where the rough material is turned into shape and finished, and the dry kiln. The main building, the turning and finishing rooms, was brick, size 100x110, and the dry kiln of wood, size 100x125 feet. The buildings were narrowly separated and the boiler rooms were about twenty feet from the main buildings, and when the fire was discovered the dry kiln was a mass of flames. The blaze was first seen about 1:15 o'clock when Night Watchman George Markham was making his rounds. He turned in an alarm and the fire departments made an excellent run. Streams were soon playing on all sides of the buildings, but served only to prevent a spread. No amount of water could have saved the building so great a headway had been gained.

The dry kiln was filled with material, about 50 carloads of heading being stored away for drying. Only one car had been loaded and this was shoved away from the building before it caught. Another car, an empty one, caught fire and was burned so badly that it will have to be rebuilt. This was the only loss the railroad company will sustain.

The fire attracted hundreds to the scene and there were plenty of willing hands to aid in saving property. Many hundred stacks of material in the rough surrounded the building on the west side, but the good work of firemen and volunteers saved this from igniting.

The fire raged for hours and at noon the ruins were still burning. The big stock of heading, all thoroughly dried, made good food for the flames and it is estimated the debris will continue to burn for several days. However streams of water are constantly played on the smoldering heap to cool it off and make it possible to rebuild at once.

This, the heading department, was formerly the Kilgore plant. It was built in the fall of 1894 to replace the plant owned by Col. J. L. Kilgore which burned a few months before. Later a consolidation was effected by Messrs. J. L. Kilgore of Anderson, Ind.; J. H. Hollingshead, of Chicago; V. J. Blow, of Louisville, and J. N. McWright, of Huntington, Tenn., all owners of valuable heading and cooperage plants, three being located here, and a corporation known as the Paducah Cooperage Co. launched. This comprised the big barrel factory situated about two squares beyond the burned building on the riverside, the Kilgore plant which burned and the Blow stove factory in Littleville. Also the Hollingshead plant at Rives, Tenn., and countless sawmills scattered about the country.

No official estimate can be secured on the loss of this morning's fire, the management having no complete figures, but from persons acquainted with the building, their value, the machinery and stock, say that the loss will amount to not less than \$150,000. Whatever it is the management has it fully covered by insurance.

Mr. Blaine Kilgore, superintendent of the heading factory, stated that by tomorrow definite figures would probably be given as to the loss, but today no statement would be made.

The machinery is all ruined and the walls of the brick building torn down. It will mean a complete reconstruction of the plant, and work will begin in a few days and the

site cleared. It is assured that the buildings will be duplicated at once.

About 225 men are out of employment today, the result of the fire. There was incessant work for the men, the plant running at all seasons and the loss of time will fall heavily on the employees.

This is the second fire the Paducah Cooperage Co. has had since the combine was formed. The first occurred in April two years ago when the saw shop, then located near the heading factory, burned. The saw room was rebuilt adjoining the barrel plant, further east.

The old Kilgore plant burned in the fall of 1894, and was replaced by the plant which was consumed last night.

It is said to be the biggest and most complete plant of its kind in the country. The loss of time will cost the company a great deal in loss of time in filling orders. The heading which burned would have stocked 50 cars and gone along way towards filling accumulated orders.

The directors of the concern are en route here now, having been telegraphed this morning, and will arrive as soon as possible. When they do a meeting will be held and plans outlined.

As the heading plant was separate from the barrel and stove plants, its burning will not affect the operation of the other departments which were working as usual this morning.

It is supposed that most of the in-

(Continued on Page Eight.)

#### REPUBLIC OR MONARCHY?

### The People of Norway to Vote on the Question.

Christiania, Norway, Nov. 3.—The government has issued a proclamation recommending that the people vote at the forthcoming referendum for the monarchical form of government based on the British and Italian constitutions.

The proclamation further points out that the best friends of Norway in Europe declare the country's relations with foreign powers can be better secured by the retention of monarchy. Radicals and Socialists also issued a proclamation recommending a republic.

Another proclamation was issued signed by 130 prominent Liberals asking the people under the circumstances to support the government's proposition.

#### WEALTHY GIRL

### Elopes With Her Father's Coach- man.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 3.—Alvin Craig, the wealthy president of the Rolling Mills company, has asked the police to intercept his daughter, Ethel, aged 22, who eloped with her father's coachman, Craig in pursuing them was knocked down by the coachman and the pair escaped. The girl is pretty well educated and stands well socially.

#### ILLINOIS LEADS

### The Other States in the Number of Rural Mail Routes.

Washington, Nov. 3.—Statement of the postoffice department relative to rural free delivery for October places the total number of routes in the country at 33,946, an increase of 1,893 since July 1. Illinois leads the list with 2,608 routes. North Dakota has 2,392, Iowa 2,184. There are 4,335 applications pending.

#### OFFICIAL NOTICE

### Sent Out by the I. C. of Its Jackson- Birmingham Line.

Chicago, Nov. 3.—Official announcement was made today by the Illinois Central of its intention to build a line from Jackson, Tenn., to Birmingham, Ala., 216 miles. The road will be in operation within eighteen months.